Date: Tue, 15 Jun 93 09:48:59 PDT

From: Info-Hams Mailing List and Newsgroup <info-hams@ucsd.edu>

Errors-To: Info-Hams-Errors@UCSD.Edu

Reply-To: Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu

Precedence: Bulk

Subject: Info-Hams Digest V93 #729

To: Info-Hams

Info-Hams Digest Tue, 15 Jun 93 Volume 93 : Issue 729

Today's Topics:

7 weeks + 1 day for No-Code Tech License
ADVICE NEEDED - for wanna be operator
A little radio FUN!
Bigger goes farther?
BNC connectors
BUYING COAX
Digital microwave project
E-SKIP on 6 METERS/VHF Contest
Experience w MFJ Vertical?

Field Day Power. (3 msgs)
How do you view a .TAR file
Need tubes for Nazi field radio
New Radio Shack HT???

New Radio Shack HT??? North Cooks on 80???

protection from lightning, help please!

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu> Send subscription requests to: <Info-Hams-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu> Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Info-Hams Digest are available (by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/info-hams".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

Date: 15 Jun 1993 13:56:55 GMT

From: usc!howland.reston.ans.net!ux1.cso.uiuc.edu!moe.ksu.ksu.edu!crcnis1.unl.edu!

rlosee@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: 7 weeks + 1 day for No-Code Tech License

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Just another data point. Seems the FCC is a little better than I thought as I was told at least eight weeks. Took the test April 25th,

got the license June 14th. I'm now NOXLU.

***-----**

Robert D. Losee BITNET: ucas402@unlvm

University of Nebraska Internet: rlosee@unlinfo.unl.edu Lincoln NE 68588-0496 Phone: (402) 472-7663

Date: 15 Jun 93 16:48:20 GMT

From: ogicse!uwm.edu!news.bbn.com!petra!popovich@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: ADVICE NEEDED - for wanna be operator

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

>: 3. Can you take the 13-wpm as a novice and have it hold until you take the

>: general written.

>A CSCE (certificate for successful completion of exam) is given when you >pass tests but otherwise do not qualify for an upgrade. These are good >for one year.

This isn't terribly clear. A CSCE is also, of course, given when you pass tests and DO qualify for an upgrade. So you could take, for example Element 1B (the 13-wpm code test) and Element 2 (the Novice theory test), pass both, and be issued a CSCE for these elements and, eventually, a Novice class license. If you later (but within one year from the original test) passed Elements 3A and 3B (the Technician and General theory tests) and presented your CSCE for Elements 1B and 2, you would receive a CSCE for Elements 3A and 3B and the General class upgrade, and could operate using this authority (assuming that your Novice class license had in fact arrived). Eventually (how slow is the FCC lately, anyway?) you would receive a General class license. If you pass the 20-wpm code (Element 1C) on your Novice examination, you have a great incentive to bone up on your theory during the next year, all the way up to Extra. :-)

-Steve

Date: 15 JUN 93 10:15:52

From: pa.dec.com!oct17.dfe.dec.com!ryn.mro4.dec.com!cimfie.enet.dec.com!

taber@decwrl.dec.com

Subject: A little radio FUN!

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <1vitjl\$99t@transfer.stratus.com>, fms@sw.stratus.com (Faith Senie) writes...

>I had an absolutely FUN day yesterday, and I thought I'd share it with y'all!

[great story about the best contest in the calendar hacked up...]

> They suggested I change phonetics, and I couldn't think of anything >else that started with T, so I asked everyone around me and got suggestions like >Turkey and Twit! :-) I admit I tried Turkey, but they heard it as Whiskey -- no >good!

I've found "Tenessee" to have a good hit rate in the contests, though "Tobacco" or "Tobasco" also seem to get the T across even if the words get confused for eachother. In noisy conditions, three sylables seems the minimum.

Of course, with your call, "Just In Time" is a phrase most people are familiar with that could put the call across.

>>>==>PStJTT

Date: 15 Jun 1993 11:35:52 GMT

From: pravda.sdsc.edu!news.cerf.net!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!darwin.sura.net!

news.larc.nasa.gov!arbd0.larc.nasa.gov!zawodny@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: Bigger goes farther?

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <0Nw45B1w165w@opus-ovh.spk.wa.us> bmork@opus-ovh.spk.wa.us (Brian)
writes:

>A lot of common knowledge indicates that longer wavelength radiation >goes farther.

>Well, what do you think?

>Brian Mork Internet bmork@opus-ovh.spk.wa.us

Well, I'll maintain that they both go the same distance in the same amount of time. All radiation will travel off at the proper speed of light (forever, if unabsorbed). If your now talking about point to point communications on a globe then HF wins it hands down over 23cm. No big mysteries here, maybe I missed the point of your post.

- -

Joseph M. Zawodny (KO4LW) NASA Langley Research Center Internet: zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov MS-475, Hampton VA, 23681-0001

Packet: ko4lw@wb0tax.va.usa

```
Date: 13 Jun 93 20:23:39 CDT
From: usc!cs.utexas.edu!swrinde!gatech!ukma!netnews.louisville.edu!wkuvx1!
scottcr@network.UCSD.EDU
Subject: BNC connectors
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu
In article <Jun.9.19.54.05.1993.4568@andromeda.rutgers.edu>,
chhibber@andromeda.rutgers.edu (Grizzly.45mag) writes:
> What are the letters BNC an abbreviation for??????
> I have a couple of freaks bugging me about it.
> --save bandwidth, email me.
> Enjoy! :)
> --
> I love storms, tornados, hurricanes, earthquakes etc. They are Mother Nature's
> way of reminding us that She could kick our butts a n y t i m e !!
> #include std_disclaimer.h |||||| N2RVJ |||||| chhibber@andromeda.rutgers.edu
I don't have the answer. That said, let me put to rest that it is
   "british Naval Connector", but instead named after one or two
british chaps who did invent it, circa 1940. I will look for the
reference (british antenna handbook) that I saw this in.
SCOTTCR@WKUVX1.BITNET aka Chris Scott- C/E Public Radio- Western KY U
                    Telco: (502) 745-3834 Hm & Fax: (502) 781-1232
______
Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 14:57:27 GMT
From: usc!sdd.hp.com!col.hp.com!news.dtc.hp.com!hpscit.sc.hp.com!
cupnews0.cup.hp.com!jholly@network.UCSD.EDU
Subject: BUYING COAX
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu
A15SEA%ANDV02@gmr.COM wrote:
: I'm currenlt installing my new 40 ft' tower with a Cushcraft A-3S and a
: R5, I looking around for a good coax, I was considering buying Belden 9913
```

: using PL259 connectors. WHAT COAX TYPE ARE YOU USING, ANY COMMECTS WOULD

: HELPFUL.

: ----Steve ---- (N9LZY)

: Electronic Data Systems

: General Motors Corp.

: Anderson, Ind.

: Internet Address:: A15SEA%ANDV02@GMR.COM

Quite a bit of discussion has gone on about using 9913 for the rotor loop. The center conductor of 9913 is 9 AWG SOLID wire. Some say it works fine, others say it fails...myself I use RG-213. Would like to use RG-214, but too pricey. Loss wise there is not much difference between either hose, but RG-213 is more flexible. (Oops, I here the flame throwers warming up, I talking about loss below 30 mhz.)

73, Jim, WA6SDM jholly@cup.hp.com

Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 15:37:16 GMT

From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!overload.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!newsserver.jvnc.net!yale.edu!cs.yale.edu!ewing@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: Digital microwave project

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Gary Coffman (gary@ke4zv.uucp) wrote:

- : Practically speaking, the *intent* of the regulations is to protect
- : the public, using unsophisticated equipment, from being exposed to
- : indecent materials, and to restrict broadcast type services. So a
- : compressed data stream is just a data transmission that's unlikely
- : to be hassled.

A well-compressed data stream is indistinguishable from an encrypted message. And, with the the "right" key, you can pull any plaintext out of a random data sequence. I.e., the same string can be decoded as your typical no-content QSO, hard-core porno pix, or your favorite heavy metal band. It is a standard crypto technique to disguise "bad" info as harmless text.

So what's the poor FCC to do? Write the "compress" or "zip" spec into Part 97? If the real intent is to protect innocent ears, I think any common data compression is OK; if it's to prevent secret communications, then allow only plaintext. But even plaintext is suspicious. I think we have to outlaw ham radio...:-)

- -

Martin Ewing AA6E ewing-martin@yale.edu (ewing@yalevm.bitnet)
Yale University Science & Engineering Computing Facility 203-432-4243

Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 12:27:45 GMT

From: mvb.saic.com!unogate!news.service.uci.edu!usc!sol.ctr.columbia.edu!

NewsWatcher!user@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: E-SKIP on 6 METERS/VHF Contest

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

This will be short as I don't have all data in front of me. Sat was 6 meter E-Skip to CO2; HH2;9Y4;VP2;C6; and W6 & W7 West coast double hop. This is a USA Mid Atlantic Report (W3 land). This was all June 12th AM period.

On June 10th or June13 th GMt there was alot of Double E to Europe reported. The upper East Coast had a field day into Europe and even reports of Russia. When I get all data in will try to attach or new article. Stiil sick today, only in for abt 1 HR. Dick

Date: 14 Jun 93 23:30:06 PDT

From: csus.edu!nic.csu.net!computer_ctr.sonoma.edu!vannuysd@decwrl.dec.com

Subject: Experience w MFJ Vertical?

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

The MFJ catalog lists a halfwave vertical for \$169 that sounds too good to be true... coverage of 40, 20, 15, 10, 6, and 2 meters, without radials. Does anybody out there have any actual experience with this thing? I'd really be interested to hear what your experience has been.

Please send e-mail.

David Van Nuys KD6WKT/AE

Date: 15 Jun 1993 11:43:56 GMT

From: pravda.sdsc.edu!news.cerf.net!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!darwin.sura.net!

news.larc.nasa.gov!arbd0.larc.nasa.gov!zawodny@network.UCSD.EDU

Subject: Field Day Power. To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <cg7ALfu00YVX03gXYW@andrew.cmu.edu> Bruce Taylor <blt+@CMU.EDU> writes:
>(Stuff tossed)

- > While I'd appreciate a "theatrical" fully silenced diesel 50kW >generator, I'll take the Honda unit any time.
- > Bruce Taylor (blt+@cmu.edu)
- > wb3aya

All this talk of huge 10, 20, even 50kw generators -- all to run half a dozen radio stations is absurd. Look at the power requirements, efficiencies, and duty cycles of the equipment you'll be running field day. Don't forget to toss in a fan and a light for each station and a coffee pot. You'll soon see that even the 4 kw generator that we use for field day is over kill IF you have the ability to average out the peak loads (read that as "have batteries as primary power/current source").

- -

Joseph M. Zawodny (KO4LW) NASA Langley Research Center Internet: zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov MS-475, Hampton VA, 23681-0001

Packet: ko4lw@wb0tax.va.usa

Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 10:44:28 -0400

From: pravda.sdsc.edu!news.cerf.net!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!darwin.sura.net!europa.eng.gtefsd.com!fs7.ece.cmu.edu!news.sei.cmu.edu!bb3.andrew.cmu.edu!andrew.cmu.edu!bt01+@network.UCSD.

Subject: Field Day Power.

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <1vkclsINN4o4@rave.larc.nasa.gov> Dr. Joseph M Zawodny
<zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov> writes:

> [...]

>All this talk of huge 10, 20, even 50kw generators -- all to run half >a dozen radio stations is absurd. [...]

I think that some folks have missed the point of Field Day -- to come up with the most outrageous collection of power consuming devices possible!

Really, if you're using a fire tower, why not decorate it with a couple of strings of construction lights, tastefully wound around the exterior? :-) :-)

In all seriousness, there are many styles of Field Day operation. I happen to love the support aspects -- figuring out places to mount antennas, running the generators, cooking, more generators, climbing towers/trees, more generators...

You're welcome to run a thermocouple powered QRP rig from the difference between a hot spring and a block of ice -- but I'm going to go for the "Grand Excess".

Hope to hear you on the air, whichever way you go!

 Bruce Taylor (blt+@cmu.edu) wb3aya

Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 16:36:35 GMT

From: pravda.sdsc.edu!news.cerf.net!usc!news.bbn.com!petra!

popovich@network.UCSD.EDU
Subject: Field Day Power.
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

>All this talk of huge 10, 20, even 50kw generators -- all to run half a dozen >radio stations is absurd. Look at the power requirements, efficiencies, and >duty cycles of the equipment you'll be running field day. Don't forget to toss >in a fan and a light for each station and a coffee pot. You'll soon see that >even the 4 kw generator that we use for field day is over kill IF you have the >ability to average out the peak loads (read that as "have batteries as primary >power/current source").

What's the problem? As long as the club can support the large generator, why not have the largest one practical? It has more reserve for unexpected loads, particularly if you're keeping it around for REAL emergencies, as opposed to just renting it for Field Day. Besides, there are some serious Field Day stations around who might run something like 10 stations at 1.5KW each, and you're telling THEM that they don't need that much power? If your club is running Field Day on a shoestring, sure, then by all means budget your power as parsimoniously as you can, but don't expect EVERYONE to do the same.

-Steve

Date: 15 Jun 93 12:59:07 GMT From: news-mail-gateway@ucsd.edu Subject: How do you view a .TAR file

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

A few weeks ago I downloaded CHURCVR.TAR. This is a schematics for a receiver to copy CHU time signals. My problem is how do I view the file on a DOS system??

73 -- marty -- nr3z skitch@nadc.navy.mil

Date: 15 Jun 93 11:40:13 GMT

From: gatech!news.ans.net!newsgate.watson.ibm.com!yktnews.watson.ibm.com!

news@RUTGERS.EDU

Subject: Need tubes for Nazi field radio

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Its been suggested that I consult the vast wisdom of this group in search of some information. I recently acquired a WWII Nazi field radio which is in excellent condition, however; it lacks tubes.

Fortunately, the inside of the radio contains a schematic (in German, of course) for the unit. The schematic indicates what I believe is the type and/or part number for each of the five tubes. Here they are:

- DCH11
- DF11
- DAF11
- DL11
- UY11

On another newsgroup I was informed that these were 1.2V filament tubes and that they might not be too easy to come by. Can anybody share some additional light? Gee...I wish there was a rec.radio.antique!

Regards, Ryan Rogers

* Multimedia Network Technology * news is more fun than * IBM T.J. Watson Research Center * playing Mahjong.

* *

Disclaimer: My opinions are mine, and not necessarily IBM's.

Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 13:43:26 GMT

From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!overload.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!kd4nc!

ke4zv!gary@network.UCSD.EDU
Subject: New Radio Shack HT???

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <1787700039@trsvax> rpo@trsvax.tandy.com writes:

>The new Radio Shack 440 MHz scanner is now available at some

I thought it was a real radio.

Gary

- -

Gary Coffman KE4ZV | You make it, | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems | we break it. | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | Guaranteed! | emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 |

Date: 15 Jun 1993 15:49:01 GMT

From: overload.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!math.ohio-state.edu!cs.utexas.edu!swrinde!sdd.hp.com!saimiri.primate.wisc.edu!usenet.coe.montana.edu!

netnews.nwnet.net!news.@dog.ee.lbl.gov

Subject: North Cooks on 80???

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

This morning ZK1AJJ/ZK1 on North Cook was coming thru to the West Coast on 40 CW loud and clear (1420 UTC). Has anyone heard him on 80 meters? If so, what time has he been operating?

THanks for any help.
Steve/AA7FL
milewski@oregon.uoregon.edu

Date: 10 Jun 93 09:03:47 GMT

From: news.cerf.net!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!enterpoop.mit.edu!

eru.mt.luth.se!lunic!sunic!mcsun!sun4nl!rulway.LeidenUniv.nl!news.wi.leidenuniv.nl!stpc152.wi.leidenuniv.@pravda.sdsc.edu

Subject: protection from lightning, help please!

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Hello, I don't know if this is the apropiate newsgroup for asking this, but I need some help...

I have to install a large antenna on my roof but I'm scared it will be hit by lightning. Now there's a dilemma:

- 1) I could ground the antenna, this gives protection against lightning, but alas it also keeps me from receiving any wanted signals.
- 2) I could forget about grounding, this gives excellent receiving properties but then I'll won't get any sleep during a thunderstorm.

So, what should I do? Is there a way out of this dilemma? Please respond via e-mail as I can't read this group too often. Thanks in advance. Eric paauw@stpc.wi.leidenuniv.nl _____ Date: Tue, 15 Jun 1993 14:10:03 GMT From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!overload.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!kd4nc! ke4zv!gary@network.UCSD.EDU To: info-hams@ucsd.edu References <930613.142008.5Z6.rusnews.w165w@garlic.sbs.com>, <1993Jun14.144241.17691@ke4zv.uucp>, <C8nAqG.4px@athena.cs.uga.edu> Reply-To : gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman) Subject : Re: Digital microwave project In article <C8nAqG.4px@athena.cs.uga.edu> mcovingt@aisun3.ai.uga.edu (Michael Covington) writes: >In article <1993Jun14.144241.17691@ke4zv.uucp> gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman) >>In article <930613.142008.5Z6.rusnews.w165w@garlic.sbs.com> system@garlic.sbs.com (Tony Pelliccio) writes: >>>Now I know that profane/obscene material isn't permitted but all the >>>stuff is sent compressed and unreadable unless you're running uucico >>>etc. What is the legality of this? I mean, music can be transmitted, as >>>digital (midi files, etc) so what would the issue be with passing >>>alt.sex.stories in coded format? Just out of sheer curiosity of course. >> >>Strictly speaking, all such transmissions are prohibited, even the >>midi sequences. The rules don't specify the format, only the content. >>Practically speaking, the *intent* of the regulations is to protect >>the public, using unsophisticated equipment, from being exposed to >>indecent materials, and to restrict broadcast type services. So a >>compressed data stream is just a data transmission that's unlikely >>to be hassled. >Actually, the FCC's intentions are clear, and are not quite what you >said. Transmission of descriptions of music is OK so long as the music >cannot be directly demodulated as such with ordinary radio equipment >-- that is, you can transmit all the MIDI sequences you want, but don't

>transmit music as audio on FM, AM, or SSB.

And exactly *where* in the rules does it say that? Part 97.113(d) flatly prohibits the transmission of music. It does not specify a modulation encoding. This part deals strictly with content, and not the method used to convey that content. In practice, the intent of the regulation is to stop amateurs from competing with broadcast stations, though that's also covered in the prohibition on one way transmissions, but the wording of the regulation applies to the content, no matter what modulation encoding is used. In fact the prohibition is in the same sentence with the prohibition on obscene, indecent, or profane words, language, or meaning. And it also shares the sentence with the prohibition on using codes and ciphers to obscure meaning. None of these specify particular modulation encodings. To one with the proper receiving equipment, midi sequences are transmission of music just as much as an alt.sex.picture transmission is a sending of indecent material for someone with the proper viewing equipment.

Now as I stated above, I don't think you would be hassled about this unless someone filed a complaint. The FCC doesn't make a practice of trying to decipher the content of every digital transmission it monitors. One binary transmission pretty much looks like any other on the spectrum analyser.

Gary

- -

Gary Coffman KE4ZV | You make it, | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems | we break it. | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | Guaranteed! | emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 | |

Date: 15 Jun 93 06:29:45 GMT

From: munnari.oz.au!metro!mippet.ci.com.au!eram!dave@uunet.uu.net

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

References <1993Jun09.193854.14470@microsoft.com>, <4061@eram.esi.COM.AU>, <C8H6pr.J7n@ucdavis.edu>e

Subject : Re: ham radios in movies

In article <C8H6pr.J7n@ucdavis.edu>,
 ez006683@othello.ucdavis.edu (Daniel D. Todd) writes:

| : I've used radios (2m and 70cm) deep down in caves, with little problem. | Did anyone hear you while you were using your HT dep in the cave? :-) Yep - the station on the surface. I am not kidding. This is something I need to explore further, obviously.

- -

Dave Horsfall (VK2KFU) VK2KFU @ VK2RWI.NSW.AUS.OC PGP 2.2 dave@esi.COM.AU ...munnari!esi.COM.AU!dave available

End of Info-Hams Digest V93 #729 ************